

The market demand for in-vehicle payment is rising

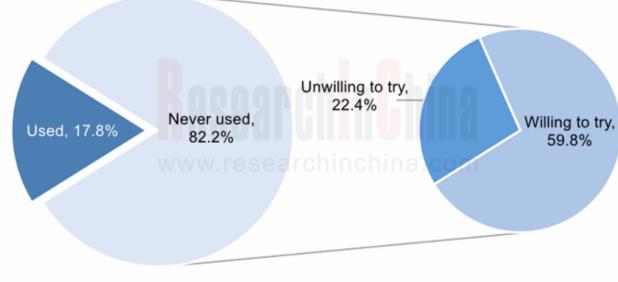
China In-Vehicle Payment Market Research Report, 2023 released by ResearchInChina analyzes and researches the status quo of China's in-vehicle payment market, components of the industry chain, layout of OEMs and payment platforms, consumer survey, and development trends.

(1) The market demand for in-vehicle payment is rising.

In-vehicle payment refers to the function allowing for payment through in-vehicle communication (e.g., SIM card and WiFi) and IVI system. In-vehicle payment enables car owners to pay for services such as parking, refueling, food ordering and shopping without getting off the car, bringing far more convenient and better experience to users.

According to the survey by ResearchInChina, there are a relatively small number of people using in-car payment at this stage, making up only 17.8% of the total samples. Yet users' willingness to use this function is very high. 72.7% of the consumers who have not used incar payment yet, or 59.8% of the total samples say they are "willing to try in-car payment".

Statistics of In-vehicle Payment Usage and Willingness to Use



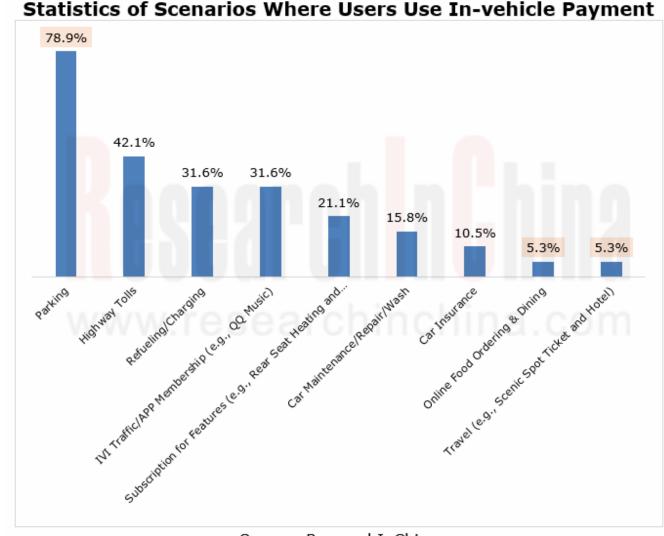
Source: ResearchInChina

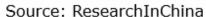


Statistics of Scenarios Where Users Use In-vehicle Payment

At present, users use in-car payment in such scenarios as parking, highway pass, refueling/charging, and purchasing IVI traffic and APP membership. Of the users who have used in-car payment:

- Up to 78.9% use in-car payment for parking;
- 42.1% use in-car payment for highway tolls; In-vehicle payment is also often used to pay for refueling/charging fees (31.6%), IVI traffic and APP membership (31.6%), feature subscription (21.1%), car maintenance/repair/wash (15.8%), and car insurance (10.5%);
- Fewer users use this function in the scenarios of online food ordering and dining (5.3%) and travel (5.3%).







The in-vehicle payment industry chain is taking shape

2) The in-vehicle payment industry chain is taking shape.

In terms of supply chain, in-vehicle payment involves two major segments: in-vehicle payment device and in-vehicle payment platform.

In-vehicle payment devices are led by communication devices (SIM card, communication module and T-Box), interaction devices (touch/voice/face/gesture/fingerprint interaction), and authentication devices (security chip); in-vehicle payment platforms are primarily cloud platform, payment platform, IVI system, ecosystem service platform, ecosystem service provider, and OEM.

As companies in each industry chain segment worked to make layout in recent years, the in-vehicle payment market has kept growing, with the following two major features.

1. In-vehicle payment is available to more scenarios.

Foreign automakers including BMW, Mercedes-Benz, Honda and Hyundai, and Chinese automakers such as Great Wall Motor, Xpeng Motors, Geely, Chery and AITO have launched their in-car payment function. They have widely deployed this function in parking, refueling/charging and food ordering scenarios, and are also applying it on a small scale in car wash/maintenance/repair services, feature subscription, ticket booking and other scenarios.

For example, in October 2022, BMW added the BMW ConnectedDrive Store to its IVI system via OTA updates. It enables in-car payment for subscriptions, and 13 features such as front seat heating, steering wheel heating and Carplay through the IVI system.

2. Multimodal interaction is being added to in-vehicle payment.

At present, the most common in-car payment is scan to pay and password-free payment. As in-car multimodal interaction technology improves, face recognition, fingerprint recognition and voice recognition are becoming the new in-car payment interaction and authentication methods. For example, Mercedes-Benz has added fingerprint recognition and authentication to its latest in-car payment system PAY+; Chery EXEED TX/TXL supports face verification payment, a function allowing users to pay for parking fees or shopping through face recognition. The addition of multimodal interaction makes in-vehicle payment more secure and convenient.



The ecosystem is a key factor affecting in-car payment

3. The ecosystem is a key factor affecting in-car payment.

In the mobile payment system, millions of iOS and Android developers have developed various applications and built very rich application ecosystems, meeting living, work and entertainment needs of consumers and making smartphones an indispensable terminal in users' life.

In the in-car payment system, financial institutions like China UnionPay and VISA have developed a series of incar payment systems; Alipay, Banma Zhixing and Huawei among others have built a variety of vehicle ecosystem platforms and launched a range of in-car services covering parking, refueling, travel, shopping and other scenarios.

Compared with mobile payment, the in-vehicle payment ecosystem is still weak at this stage, only meeting the payment needs in specific scenarios. With the development of intelligent cockpit and high-level autonomous driving, drivers will be freed from driving tasks in specific scenarios and pay more attention to other in-car needs. At this time, creating an in-car living space and building a closed-loop ecosystem with payment as the entrance will become a big demand.

Chery Exceed Allows Users to Buy Movie Tickets through Code Scanning or Face Recognition on the IVI Screen



Source: Xcar



Table of Content (1)

1 Overview of In-vehicle Payment

- 1.1 Development History of In-vehicle Payment
- 1.2 Application Scenarios of In-vehicle Payment
- 1.3 In-vehicle Payment System Flow
- 1.4 Mainstream In-vehicle Payment Methods
- 1.5 In-vehicle Payment Industry Chain
- 1.6 In-vehicle Payment Chip
- 1.7 In-vehicle Payment Platform
- 1.8 In-vehicle Payment Ecosystem
- 1.9 In-vehicle Payment Business Layout of OEMs
- 1.10 In-vehicle Payment Patents
- 1.10.1 In-vehicle Payment Patent Map
- 1.10.2 In-vehicle Payment Patent Layout of OEMs
- 1.10.3 In-vehicle Payment Patent Layout of Suppliers
- 1.10.4 In-vehicle Payment Patent Layout of Ecosystem Companies

2 In-vehicle Payment Consumers

- 2.1 Overview of In-vehicle Payment Survey
- 2.2 In-vehicle Payment Usage and Willingness to Use
- 2.3 Frequent Usage Scenarios of In-vehicle Payment
- 2.4 Users' Satisfaction for In-vehicle Payment
- 2.5 Expected Scenarios of In-vehicle Payment
- 2.6 Differences between Actual and Expected Scenarios of In-vehicle Payment
- 2.7 Reasons for Using In-vehicle Payment
- 2.8 Concerns about In-vehicle Payment
- 2.9 In-vehicle Payment Interaction Modes and Payment Method Preferences

3 In-vehicle Payment Layout of OEMs

- 3.1 BMW
- 3.1.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.1.2 Smart Parking Function
- 3.1.3 Functional Flow of Smart Parking

- 3.1.4 Paid Subscription Function
- 3.1.5 In-vehicle Payment Service System
- 3.1.6 In-vehicle Payment Based on Voiceprint Recognition
- 3.2 Mercedes-Benz
- 3.2.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.2.2 In-vehicle Payment for Refueling
- 3.2.3 In-vehicle Payment for Parking
- 3.2.4 Paid Subscription Function
- 3.2.5 Comparison between Mercedes pay and Mercedes pay+
- 3.3 Honda
- 3.3.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.3.2 Honda CONNECT System
- 3.3.3 Honda Dream Drive System
- 3.4 Hyundai
- 3.4.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.4.2 Dynamics in In-vehicle Payment Service
- 3.5 Renault Samsung Motors
- 3.5.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.6 Jaguar Land Rover
- 3.6.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.6.2 In-vehicle Payment for Refueling/Charging
- 3.6.3 Functional Flow of In-vehicle Payment for Refueling
- 3.7 Ford
- 3.7.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.7.2 Vehicle Transaction System
- 3.7.3 In-vehicle Payment Communication System and Method
- 3.8 Great Wall Motor
- 3.8.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.8.2 Smart Parking Function
- 3.8.3 Smart Fueling and Smart Car Wash Functions
- 3.9 Xpeng Motors
- 3.9.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios



Table of Content (2)

- 3.9.2 In-vehicle Payment Function
- 3.10 Geely
- 3.10.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.10.2 In-vehicle Payment Device and Method
- 3.11 Chery
- 3.11.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.11.2 In-car Pay by Face Function of Chery EXEED
- 3.11.3 Online Payment System for Parking Fees
- 3.12 AITO
- 3.12.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.12.2 Unconscious Payment for Parking
- 3.12.3 Unconscious Payment for Charging
- 3.12.4 In-vehicle Face Verification Payment Function
- 3.13 SAIC Volkswagen
- 3.13.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.13.2 Intelligent Vehicle Connection System
- 3.14 SAIC ROEWE
- 3.14.1 Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.14.2 Unconscious Payment Function of Banma Zhixing Interconnect System
- 3.15 Other OEMs
- 3.15.1 Human Horizons' Layout of In-vehicle Payment Application Scenarios
- 3.15.2 GAC's In-vehicle Payment Patent Filings
- 3.15.3 Xiaomi's In-vehicle Payment Patent Filings

4 In-vehicle Payment Platforms

- 4.1 VISA
- 4.1.1 In-vehicle Payment Business
- 4.1.2 In-vehicle Payment Transaction Mechanism
- 4.1.3 Cloud Token Framework

- 4.2 China UnionPay
- 4.2.1 In-vehicle Payment Business
- 4.2.2 In-vehicle Payment System and Method
- 4.2.3 T-Box-based In-Vehicle Payment System and Method
- 4.2.4 In-vehicle Payment System and Method
- 4.3 Alipay
- 4.3.1 In-vehicle Payment Business
- 4.3.2 Intelligent Risk Control Engine AlphaRisk
- 4.3.3 In-vehicle Payment Ecosystem
- 4.3.4 ETC-based In-vehicle Payment
- 4.3.5 Payment Processing Methods Based on License Plate Numbers
- 4.4 Huawei
- 4.4.1 In-vehicle Payment Business
- 4.4.2 Smart Refueling Station Solution
- 4.4.3 V2X-based In-vehicle Payment System
- 4.5 Other In-vehicle Payment Platforms
- 4.5.1 Xevo
- 4.5.2 IPS Group
- 4.5.3 ZF
- 4.5.4 DABCO

5 In-vehicle Payment Summary and Trends

- 5.1 Summary of Telematics Development
- 5.2 Development Path of In-vehicle Payment
- 5.3 SWOT Analysis of In-vehicle Payment
- 5.4 Mobile Payment Habit Formation
- 5.5 Technological Environment for In-vehicle Payment
- 5.6 There Will Be Bigger Space to Imagine Invehicle Payment Data Mining and Application



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